

Choosing the Right AI Development Framework

# Low Code/No Code vs. Full Code



Understand the strengths and limitations of each approach to make informed decisions for your AI projects

# Overview of Each Approach

## Low Code/No Code Platforms (e.g., Microsoft Power Platform)

Simplified development for non-programmers and rapid prototyping.

## Full Code Development (.NET)

Comprehensive, robust solutions for experienced developers and complex projects.



## Key Differences at a Glance



# Low Code/No Code: Advantages and Limitations

## Advantages



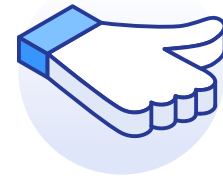
### Rapid Prototyping

Build applications quickly without extensive programming.



### Ease of Use

Drag-and-drop interfaces, minimal coding required.



### Good for Simple Workflows

Automate straightforward tasks and integrate easily.

## Limitations



### Functionality

Often require multiple tools for complete solutions (e.g., separate workflow and API tools like Zapier).



### Data Handling

Limited capabilities and integration challenges with large datasets.



### Logging and Monitoring

Basic or limited logging, exception handling, and monitoring.



### Version Control and DevOps

Minimal support for advanced deployment practices.



### Application Types

Limited to specific kinds of apps (e.g., simple web or mobile apps).



### Visual

Icons of workflow tools, limited data capabilities, and missing features like DevOps.

# Full Code Development (.NET): Advantages and Limitations

## Advantages



### Comprehensive Capabilities

Develop any type of application: web, web API, desktop, mobile, console.



### Enterprise-Ready

Built-in support for DevOps, version control, logging, monitoring, and security.



### Robust Data Integration

High-performance, secure, and reliable database integration.



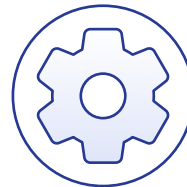
### Flexibility

No limitations like low-code/no-code platforms.



### Error Reduction

Strong typing and compiled code reduce errors significantly.



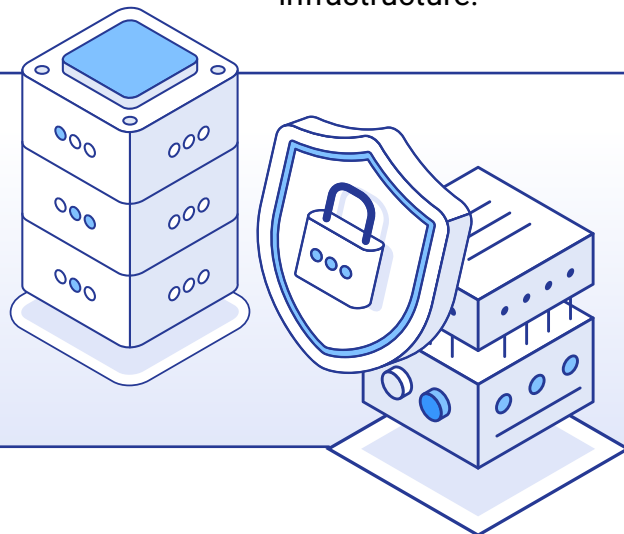
### Established Expertise

Most medium to large organizations already have .NET expertise and infrastructure.

## Limitations

### Time Investment

More development time for complex applications compared to low-code solutions.

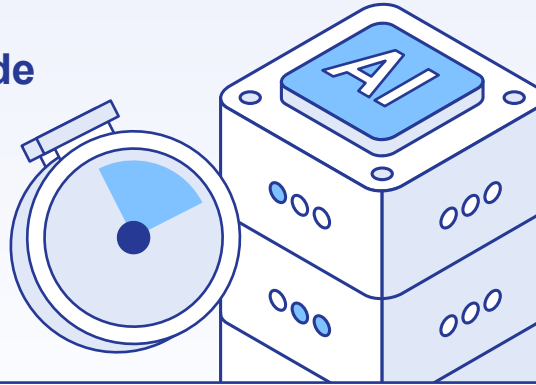


# When to Use Each Approach

## Low Code/No Code

### *Best For*

Rapid prototypes,  
simple automation,  
small-scale apps.



## Full Code (.NET)

### *Best For*

Enterprise solutions,  
complex AI models,  
data-heavy applications,  
long-term projects.

## Additional Considerations



### Microsoft's Low Code/No Code Experience

Often require multiple tools for complete solutions (e.g., separate workflow and API tools like Zapier).



### Future Scalability

Full code offers more flexibility for scaling and future-proofing applications.



### Visual

Growth charts and a timeline representing Microsoft's experience.

## Making the Right Choice for Your AI Projects

Learn more about optimizing your AI development approach at

[www.AInDotNet.com](http://www.AInDotNet.com)

